Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: ssptamym1652

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

* * * * * * * * * Welcome to STN International

```
NEWS 1
                Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 2
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 3 FEB 27
                New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
NEWS 4 APR 04
                STN AnaVist $500 visualization usage credit offered
NEWS 5 MAY 10 CA/Caplus enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records
NEWS 6 MAY 11
                KOREAPAT updates resume
NEWS 7 MAY 19
                Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 8 MAY 30
                IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAplus and
                 USPATFULL/USPAT2
NEWS 9 MAY 30
                The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus
NEWS 10
        JUN 02
                The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in
                 INPADOC
NEWS 11
        JUN 26
                TULSA/TULSA2 reloaded and enhanced with new search and
                 and display fields
                 Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and PCTFULL
NEWS 12
         JUN 28
NEWS 13
         JUl 11
                CHEMSAFE reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 14
         JUl 14
                 FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents
                Coverage of Research Disclosure reinstated in DWPI
NEWS 15
        JUl 19
```

JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT NEWS EXPRESS MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8 NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

0.21

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:59:36 ON 04 AUG 2006

=> file .mymstn SINCE FILE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006

FILE 'JICST-EPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Japan Science and Technology Agency (JST)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE 'BIOTECHNO' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Elsevier Science B.V., Amsterdam. All rights reserved.

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:59:53 ON 04 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

=> lactic (w) acid and yeast and ethanol
LACTIC IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s lactic (w) acid and yeast and ethanol and acid (w) tolerant
L1 3 LACTIC (W) ACID AND YEAST AND ETHANOL AND ACID (W) TOLERANT

=> d ibib abs 11 1-3

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:453747 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:480913

TITLE: Lactic acid production by a recombinant acid-tolerant

yeast expressing an exogenous lactate

dehydrogenase gene

INVENTOR(S): Liu, Chi Li; Lievense, Jefferson C. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): A. E. Staley Manufacturing Co., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 24 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
							-									-		
	US	2005	1127	37		A1		2005	0526	1	US 2	003-	7179	93		2	0031	120
AU 2004293781				A1 20050609				AU 2004-293781						20041117				
	WO 2005052174 WO 2005052174				A2 20050609				WO 2004-US38548						20041117			
					A3 20051124													
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
			ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
			AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,

EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,

NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-717993 A 20031120 WO 2004-US38548 W 20041117

AB Disclosed herein are yeasts, which, when cultured, can produce relatively high concns. of lactic acid. Also disclosed herein are culture media that result in relatively lower levels of byproduct impurities when lactic acid-producing yeast are cultured in them.

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:486088 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:260041

TITLE: Control of lactate production by Saccharomyces

cerevisiae expressing a bacterial LDH gene Colombie, S.; Dequin, S.; Sablayrolles, J. M.

AUTHOR(S): Colombie, S.; Dequin, S.; Sablayrolles, J. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR "Sciences pour l'Oenologie", INRA, Montpellier,

34060, Fr.

SOURCE: Enzyme and Microbial Technology (2003), 33(1), 38-46

CODEN: EMTED2; ISSN: 0141-0229

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Potential industrial applications for lactate, such as the production of chems., has led to interest in producing this organic acid by metabolically engineered yeast such as Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Such

microorganisms are more acid tolerant than

lactic acid bacteria. This paper deals with the

potential of the genetically modified S. cerevisiae strain K1-LDH (the lactate dehydrogenase gene of Lactobacillus plantarum has been integrated in the genome of the com. wine yeast strain K1) to produce

lactate and the ways to control this production The importance of the pH control during fermentation is showed not only for preventing medium acidification but also enabling online lactate estimation Fermentation

behavior of
K1-LDH strain is compared to K1 (control strain): K1-LDH produces up to 40
g 1-1 of lactate mainly during the stationary phase. Influences of the
main medium nutrients on the lactate production were studied by varying their
initial concentration While increasing glucose concentration (S0) until

S0=200 g l-1

provides higher lactate yields, higher lactate productivity are achieved with high nitrogen concentration. Finally, continuous and resting cells culture expts. were performed and confirmed a higher lactate yield in non-growing than in growing conditions.

REFERENCE COUNT:

25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:550813 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:150813

TITLE: Construction of high ethanol producing and

acid tolerant yeast by

intergeneric protoplast fusion

AUTHOR(S): Limtong, Savitree; Veskijkul, Sirin; Yongmanichai,

Wichien; Kumnuanta, Jaroon

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Kasetsart Univ., Bangkok, 10900, Thailand SOURCE: Microbial Utilization of Renewable Resources (1989),

6, 359-64

CODEN: MURRE6

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Attempts were made to construct high EtOH-producing and acidtolerant hybrids by intergeneric protoplast fusion of Saccharomyces cerevisiae TJ3 (EtOH-producing flocculent strain) with Candida krusei G/3 (acid-tolerant and nonflocculent).
Only 1 fusant, 3GT45, from a total of 100 was selected. In medium containing 2% lactic acid, 3GT45 produced 7.33% EtOH in 72 h, while the parental strains TJ3 and G/3 produced 6.55 and 6.83%, resp. 3GT45 also was highly flocculent, similar to its flocculent parental strain.

=> FIL STNGUIDE SINCE FILE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 27.71 FULL ESTIMATED COST 27.92 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -2.25 -2.25

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:02:26 ON 04 AUG 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE
AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Jul 28, 2006 (20060728/UP).

. . . .